History of Thai Dam

Thai Dam was a good of people who had his own permise, Luangage, village chief, Chiao Moung, Provincial governor, and King. They were about six millions people. Its capital cities were Moung Lor and Moung Say. These two cities didn't belong to each other. The second important cities were Moung Theng, Moung Chiene, and Moung Cheng. Each city had its own leader which was continuing from Sing Lor Kham dinasty. Moung Moia, Moung Sor, Moung La, Moung Hoia, Moung Peua, Moung Shon, Moung Skop, Moung Va and Moung Koay were belong to Moung Lay which Chia Tao Seng was the leader. They were about three millions people at Moung Lor. Because of Yellow Chinese's war which was called 22 Fox War (made them evacuated to places such as Moung Theng, to the west which were Hanoi and Shone Ra. (Vietnam). And to East Moung Peua, Moung Shone Moung Skop and Moung Va. Most of them still lived at Moung Lor.

When Indochine was controlled by French. French fought with Vietnamese that made Thai Dam evacuated again. Some of them evacuated into Laos (Moung Peua). And evacuated to Skop.

Later Lao & Vietnamese's War. French let Lor Kham Rark be a leader at Moung Theng or Dien Bien Fou. Chia Tao Lay who was the leader at Moung Lay was defeated by Vietnamese. Since then Moung Lay was belong to Moung Lor. And Let Moung Lor beon by the capital.

The reasons that made Thai Dam always moved or evacuated were:

1. War.
2. They wanted to develop villages, to work on farms, gardens. Their favorite job was feeding Mone (to get silk). They always moved one place to better places.

Conduction:

There were only three big important cities that lots of people lived, plenty of food, animals for Thai Dam. They are Moung Lor, Moung Lay and Moung Theng.

Now they were all Vietnamese but they still spoke their own language, custom and religion.